

Edward Barnes Married (1) Alice Cock & (2) Mary Mills of London, England

21 Jun 1635	Edward Barnes and Alice Cock [Edward b. by at least 1614]	Marriage per banns	St. Botolph Bishopsgate¹
24 Jul 1636	Amey Barnes baptized	Edward Barnes & Alice	St. Bride Fleet Street ²
30 Nov 1637	Elizabeth baptized, daughter of	Edward and Aylce Barnes	St. Botolph Bishopsgate ³
16 Feb 1639	John baptized, son of	Edward & Alice "Bearn's"	St. Botolph Bishopsgate ⁴
02 Dec 1642	Ann baptized, daughter of	Edward and Alice Barnes	St. Botolph Bishopsgate ⁵
1638-1644	4 other children born One may be Thomas of Isle of Wight Co., VA]	[Edward & Alice]	no records found yet
bef May 1645	Alice (Cock) Barnes died		
26 May 1645	Edward Barnes and Mary Mills	Marriage per banns	St. Botolph Bishopsgate⁶
12 Apr 1646	Mary baptized, daughter of	Edward and Mary Barnes	St. Botolph Bishopsgate ⁷
21 Oct 1647	Josuah Barnes #1, baptized, son of Joshua Barnes died before 1653	Edward Barnes (no wife)	St. Stephen Coleman Street ⁸
10 Jan 1653	Joshua Barne #2 was was born		London, England ⁹
22 Jan 1653	Josuah Barnes, baptized, son of	Edw. Barnes & Mary	St. Giles Cripplegate ¹⁰
03 Aug 1712	Joshua Barnes was buried	wife: Mary Mason, widow	Huntingdonshire ¹¹
23 Sep 1655	Abrah Barnes #1, baptized, son of	Edward Barnes & Mary	St. Giles Cripplegate ¹²

¹ *The Registers of St. Botolph, Bishopsgate, London*, transcribed by A. W. Cornelius Hallen, M.A. 1889, Vol. 1, 1558-1628, p. 452.

² St. Bride Fleet St., London, England baptism, England Births & Christenings, 1538-1975, Index, FamilySearch
(<https://familysearch.org/pal:MM9.1.1/NYF9-NG7>; accessed 22 Jan 2014).

³ *The Registers of St. Botolph, Bishopsgate, London*, transcribed by A. W. Cornelius Hallen, M.A. 1889, Vol. 2, Baptisms 1628-1690, p. 49.

⁴ London Metropolitan Archives, St Botolph Bishopsgate, Composite register: baptisms 1628 - 1653, marriages 1629 - 1677, burials 1628/9 - 1653, P69/BOT4/A/001/MS04515, Item 002. Source Information: Ancestry.com. London, England, Baptisms, Marriages and Burials, 1538-1812 [database on-line]. Provo, UT, USA: Ancestry.com Operations, Inc., 2010. Original data: Church of England Parish Registers, 1538-1812. London, England: London Metropolitan Archives.

⁵ *The Registers of St. Botolph, Bishopsgate, London*, transcribed by A. W. Cornelius Hallen, M.A. 1889, Vol. 2, Baptisms 1628-1690, p. 78.

⁶ *The Registers of St. Botolph, Bishopsgate, London*, transcribed by A. W. Cornelius Hallen, M.A. 1889; Vol. 1, 1558-1628, p. 468.

⁷ *The Registers of St. Botolph, Bishopsgate, London*, transcribed by A. W. Cornelius Hallen, M.A. 1889; Vol. 2, Baptisms 1628-1690, p. 96.

⁸ Saint Stephan Coleman Street, London, England. England Births & Christenings, 1538-1975, Index, FamilySearch

(<https://familysearch.org/pal:MM9.1.1/NLQW-LQ1>; accessed 22 Jan 2014).

⁹ [http://en.wikisource.org/wiki/Barnes,_Joshua_\(DNB00\)](http://en.wikisource.org/wiki/Barnes,_Joshua_(DNB00))

¹⁰ Saint Giles Cripplegate, London, England. England Births & Christenings, 1538-1975, Index, FamilySearch

(<https://familysearch.org/pal:MM9.1.1/J3M5-YLD>; accessed 22 Jan 2014).

¹¹ Letters Addressed to Thomas Hearne, M.A., of Edmund Hall, edited by Frederic Ouvry, Thonssen Press, London, England, 1874, pp. 54-56.

¹² Saint Giles Cripplegate, London, England. England Births & Christenings, 1538-1975, Index, FamilySearch

(<https://familysearch.org/pal:MM9.1.1/NLGV-MTY>; accessed 22 Jan 2014).

08 Sep 1658	Abraham Barnes, buried, son of	Edward Barnes	St. Stephen Coleman Street ¹³
21 Feb 1657	Isack Barnes, baptized, son of	Edw. Barnes & Mary	St. Giles Cripplegate ¹⁴
08 Sep 1658	Isaac Barnes, buried, son of	Edward Barnes	St. Stephen Coleman Street ¹⁵
29 Jan 1659	Abraham Barnes#2, baptized, son of	Edward Barnes & Mary	St. Giles Cripplegate ¹⁶
21 Aug 1664	Sara Barnes, baptized, daughter of	Edward Barnes (no wife)	St. Stephen Coleman Street ¹⁷
23 Sep 1665	Sara Barnes, buried, daughter of	Edward Barnes	St. Stephen Coleman Street. ¹⁸
08 Jul 1684	Mr. Daniel Barnes, buried	[may be the son of Edward]	St. Stephen Coleman Street. ¹⁹

¹³ London Metropolitan Archives, St Stephen Coleman Street, Composite register: baptisms and marriages 1636 - 1717, burials 1636 - 1689, P69/STE1/A/002/MS04449, Item 002. Source Information: Ancestry.com. London, England, Baptisms, Marriages and Burials, 1538-1812[database on-line]. Provo, UT, USA: Ancestry.com Operations, Inc., 2010. Original data: Church of England Parish Registers, 1538-1812. London, England: London Metropolitan Archives.

¹⁴ Saint Giles Cripplegate, London, England. England Births & Christenings, 1538-1975, Index, FamilySearch (<https://familysearch.org/pal:/MM9.1.1/NLGV-4QW>; accessed 21 Jan 2014).

¹⁵ London Metropolitan Archives, St Stephen Coleman Street, Composite register: baptisms and marriages 1636 - 1717, burials 1636 - 1689, P69/STE1/A/002/MS04449, Item 002. Source Information: Ancestry.com. London, England, Baptisms, Marriages and Burials, 1538-1812[database on-line]. Provo, UT, USA: Ancestry.com Operations, Inc., 2010. Original data: Church of England Parish Registers, 1538-1812. London, England: London Metropolitan Archives.

¹⁶ Saint Giles Cripplegate, London, England. England Births & Christenings, 1538-1975, Index, FamilySearch (<https://familysearch.org/pal:/MM9.1.1/NYN8-HR4>; accessed 22 Jan 2014).

¹⁷ Saint Stephan Coleman Street, London, England. England Births & Christenings, 1538-1975, Index, FamilySearch (<https://familysearch.org/pal:/MM9.1.1/NLGV-WF7>; accessed 22 Jan 2014).

¹⁸ London Metropolitan Archives, St Stephen Coleman Street, Composite register: baptisms and marriages 1636 - 1717, burials 1636 - 1689, P69/STE1/A/002/MS04449, Item 002. Source Information: Ancestry.com. London, England, Baptisms, Marriages and Burials, 1538-1812 [database on-line]. Provo, UT, USA: Ancestry.com Operations, Inc., 2010. Original data: Church of England Parish Registers, 1538-1812. London, England: London Metropolitan Archives.

¹⁹ London Metropolitan Archives, St Stephen Coleman Street, Composite register: baptisms and marriages 1636 - 1717, burials 1636 - 1689, P69/STE1/A/002/MS04449, Item 002. Source Information: Ancestry.com. London, England, Baptisms, Marriages and Burials, 1538-1812 [database on-line]. Provo, UT, USA: Ancestry.com Operations, Inc., 2010. Original data: Church of England Parish Registers, 1538-1812. London, England: London Metropolitan Archives.

There were four churches dedicated to St. Botolph in London, of which one burned and was not replaced. Botwulf of Thorney (also called Botolph, Botulph or Botulf; died around 680) was an English abbot and saint. He is the patron saint of travellers and the various aspects of farming. His feast day is celebrated either on 17 June (in England) or 25 June (in Scotland), and his translation falls on 1 December.

NOTE: *The Registers of St. Botolph, Bishopsgate, London*, transcribed by A. W. Cornelius Hallen, M.A. 1889; begun in 1599, 41st year of the reign of Ladie Queene Elizabeth. Vol. 1 is marriages 1558-1753, baptisms and burials 1558-1628; Vol. 2 is burials 1628-1725; Vol. 3 is baptisms 1628-1690.

NOTE FROM C.G.: I found Volume 1 of the Registers of St. Botolph, Bishopsgate, to be downloadable through Google Books, although Google will not allow printing from it. I have some screen capture pictures of the pages for Volumes 2 and 3. I have also ordered Volumes 2 and 3 from booksellers.

From Wikipedia: St. Giles was a Greek[2] Christian hermit saint from Athens, whose legend is centered in Provence and Septimania. The tomb in the abbey of St. Giles was said to have been founded, in Saint-Gilles-du-Gard, became a place of pilgrimage and a stop on the road that led from Arles to Santiago de Compostela, the pilgrim Way of St. James. He is one of the Fourteen Holy Helpers.

From Wikipedia: St. Bride's may be one of the most ancient churches in London, with worship perhaps dating back to the conversion of the Middle Saxons in the 7th century. It has been conjectured that, as the patron saint is St. Bridget of Ireland, it may have been founded by Celtic monks, missionaries proselytising the English.[1] The present St. Bride's is at least the seventh church to have stood on the site. Traditionally it was founded by St. Bridget in the sixth century.[2] Whether or not she founded it personally, the remnants of the first church appear to have significant similarities to a church of the same date in Kildare, Ireland. The Norman church, built in the 11th century, was of both religious and secular significance; in 1210 King John held a parliament there. It was replaced by a larger church in the 15th century.

St. Bride's association with the newspaper business began in 1500 when Wynkyn de Worde set up a printing press next door. Until 1695 London was the only city in Britain where printing was permitted by law.

From Wikipedia: Stephen (sometimes spelled "Stephan"), traditionally regarded as the first martyr of Christianity, was, according to the Acts of the Apostles, a deacon in the early church at Jerusalem who aroused the enmity of members of various synagogues by his teachings. Accused of blasphemy, at his trial he made a long speech fiercely denouncing the Jewish authorities who were sitting in judgment on him and was stoned to death. His martyrdom was witnessed by Saul of Tarsus (later better known by his Roman name, Paul), a Pharisee who would later become a follower himself of Jesus and an apostle.

From Wikipedia: St. Katharine's by the Tower—full name Royal Hospital and Collegiate Church of St. Katharine by the Tower—was a medieval church and hospital next to the Tower of London. The establishment was founded in 1147[1] and the buildings demolished in 1825 to build St. Katharine Docks, which takes its name from it. However it was reestablished elsewhere in London and 123 years later returned once more to the East End. The church was a Royal Peculiar and the precinct around it was an extra-parochial area, eventually becoming a civil parish that was dissolved in 1895.

St. Katharine's by the Tower was grouped into the Whitechapel District in 1855 and became a civil parish in 1866 when its extra-parochial status ended, following the Poor Law Amendment Act 1866. The parish became part of the County of London in 1889. In 1895 it was abolished as a parish and combined with St. Botolph without Aldgate.